# inkanto.

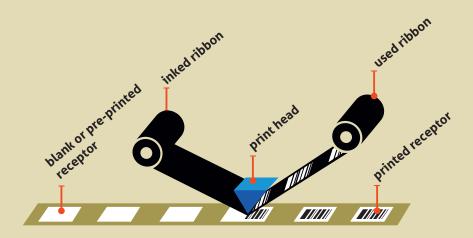
### **THERMAL TRANSFER**



### What is a thermal transfer roll?

It contains the ink used by your thermal transfer printer to print data. It is presented in the form of a **roll of inked film** which is **solid** 

at ambient temperature. Under the effect of the heat generated by a print head the ink becomes fluid and is transferred from the film to the receptor.



### What information is printed?

Variable information is printed onto all types of flexible and thin (< 1mm) print media: This generally means alphanumeric characters, barcodes, logos, ideograms and pictograms.



## What are the existing types of print media?

materialporousness

- UV treatment
  coating
- 🔵 ink



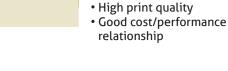


Coverage difficult



#### Vellum Paper (good quality) • Untreated surface, slightly

- porous
- Good paper for standard use



#### **Gloss/UV-treated paper**

- High quality flat and smooth surface
- Accepts high resistance inks

#### Synthetic media

**Coated paper** 

• Flat and smooth surface

- Very smooth surface
- High durability compared to paper
- Accepts mechanical and thermal constraints
- Suitable for demanding applications



### To be considered when selecting the film

#### > Type of printer

The print head technology (Flat Head or Near Edge) and the printer model define the required properties of the roll (end of ribbon detection, core notches,...)

#### > The material of the printed receptor

is an essential information to select the most adapted ribbon

#### > Type of printed information

The printed pattern (size of the characters, barcodes 0° or 90° or 2D, logos, etc...) define the user expectations in terms of ribbon printing performance

#### > The print speed

has an influence on the ribbon type needed to guarantee the expected print performances

Constraints associated with the life cycle of the product and its marking: the environment where the printer will be deployed, the type of rubbing and exposure to heat, solvents, etc

### The Near Edge ribbons range

